**United States: Muslim Studies**

- **Therapy Patients**: In a study of 190 Muslims seeking mental health counseling in Northern Virginia, 41% experienced domestic violence in the form of verbal, emotional, physical, and sexual abuse. Victims were 71% adult females, 12% adult males, and 16% children. 60% of all clients experienced verbal or psychological abuse in their lifetime, 50% physical abuse, 14% sexual abuse, and 3% reported having a relative killed. (Abugideiri 2007)

- **Prevalence**: A survey of 63 Muslim leaders showed that 10% of Muslims experienced physical abuse in their homes. (Alkhateeb 1999)

- **Prevalence**: A study of 23 Muslim married female immigrants from Bangladesh residing in Houston, Texas revealed a 10% prevalence rate of spousal abuse. (Rianon and Shelton 2003)

- **Attitudes**: A study of 162 women and 40 men was conducted in 202 Arab-American homes (98% of whom were Muslim). Interviewees approved of a man slapping his wife under the following conditions: 34% of women and 33% of men if she insults him when they are at home alone, 17% of women and 43% of men if she insults him in public, and 59% of both women and men if she hits him first in an argument. (Kulwicki and Miller 1999)

- **Experiences**: Quantitative and qualitative interviews conducted with the executive directors of 9 domestic violence organizations serving significant numbers of Muslim women found that of the 1,962 total Muslim women served annually, the average age was 32-years-old, and 85% were of immigrant background. The women experienced various forms of domestic violence including 82% emotional or verbal abuse, 65% financial abuse, 49% spiritual abuse, 74% physical abuse, and 30% sexual abuse. On average, the domestic violence organizations had 35 mosques in their geographic area, with 12% connected directly or indirectly to domestic violence organizations and/or services, and an estimated 6% of imams who had completed training in domestic violence. (Alkhateeb 2010)

- **Women’s Shelter Residents**: A study of 57 closed-case files from an American Muslim women’s shelter revealed that 37% had experienced multiple types of abuse, 23% experienced physical abuse, and 12% experienced emotional abuse. (Abdullah 2007)

- **Role of Imams**: A study of 22 mosques in New York found that 96% of the participants perceived the imam as a counselor, and 74% had sought counseling from imams for safety issues. (Abu-Ras and Gheith 2006)

**United States: General Studies**

- **Gender**: In the United States, 85% of domestic violence victims are known to be women. (U.S. DOJ 1998)

- **Relationships**: Domestic violence against women occurs in 31% of intimate partner relationships. (The Commonwealth Fund 1999)

- **Injuries**: Approximately half of all female victims of domestic violence report some type of injury, but only about 29% of them actually seek medical assistance. (Collins et al. 1999)

- **Children**: In families where one parent is abusing another, 50% of their children are also physically abused. (Strauss et al. 1990)

**International: General Studies**

- **International Women**: 1 in 3 women have experienced domestic violence during their lifetime (Heise et al. 1999)

- **Country Studies**: A survey of 15 sites in 10 countries found that 15-71% of women (with most sites falling between 29-62%) had experienced physical violence, sexual violence, or both, by an intimate partner during their lifetime (Garcia-Moreno et al. 2005)

**International: Muslim Studies**

- **Afghan Attitudes**: In a study of 121 Afghan women and men, over 30% felt increasingly concerned about family violence. (Abirafeh 2007)

- **Bengali Women**: A study of 2677 Bengali women aged 13-40 revealed that three out of four (75.6%) experienced violence from their husbands. (Silverman et al. 2007)

- **Egyptian Women**: In study of 631 Egyptian women, 22% experienced intimate partner violence violence. (Vizcarra et al. 2004)

- **Iranian Women**: A study of 1800 pregnant Iranian women found that 60.6% of the women experienced multiple forms of domestic violence, including psychological (60.5%), physical (14.6%), and sexual (23.5%) violence. (Jahanfar & Malekzadegan 2007)
Lebanese Women: A study of 1418 Lebanese women attending primary health centers found that 35% experienced domestic violence, including verbal abuse (88%) and physical violence (66%). (Usta et al 2007)

Pakistani Women: A study of 1324 pregnant Pakistani women found that 51% had experienced verbal, physical or sexual abuse in the six months prior to and/or during their pregnancies. (Karmaliani et al 2008)

Palestinian Women: In a study of 395 married women and men living in refugee camps, the majority of men (60.1%) and women (61.8%) believed that wife beating is justified in most situations. (Khawaja et al 2008)

Sudanese Patients: A study of 146 Sudanese women at an outpatient clinic found that 45.8% had been victims of domestic violence. (Ahmed 2007)

Turkish Women: In a study of 506 Turkish women attending health centers, 58% experienced domestic violence (primarily psychological and physical) frequently and continuously (Alper et al. 2005)

Sources


